THE EVENING STAR NEWSPAPER COMP'Y. S. H. KAUFFMANN, Proft.

THE EVENING STAR is served by carriers to their subscribers at TEN CENTS PER WEEK, or FOR-TT-FOUR CENTS PER MONTH. Copies at the counter Two CENTS each. By mail-three months, \$1.50 six months, \$3.00; one year, \$5.00. THE WEEKLY STAR-published Friday-\$1.50 eyear. Winvariably in advance, in both cases, and no paper sent longer than paid for Rates of advertising furnished on application

EDUCATIONAL

NOTICE. The Evening Classes of GONZAGA COLLEGE will be opened on MONDAY, October 2,

beginning at seven and ending at nine o'clock, every evening, except Saturday and Sunday. TERMS:

Five dollars (\$5) per month, invariably in advance, see 15.2w JAMES CLARK, President. M ISS CALKINS WILL REOPEN HER SELECT SCHOOL on the first Monday in September on the street, between Peansylvania avenue and Catreet S. E.

WASHINGTON HOTELS.

FRANKLIN HOTEL, Corner 8th and D streets, Washington, D. C.—This house has been thoroughly repovated, and is now open for guests. \$2 per day. Table board, \$5 per week. \$2 per day. D. J. BAKRACK, Proprietor. TREMONT HOUSE, Indiana Avenue, corner 2d street. The new Proprietor, F. P. HILL, has spared no expense or labor in refitting and newly turnishing this house, making it one of the best and most desirable houses in the city, and now offers great indecements, both to transient and permanent Boarders. Board, \$2.50 per day; Permanent Board, \$30. Mesi hours.—Breakfast, 7 o'clock to 2; Dinner, 2 o'clock to 4; Supper, 6 o'clock to 8. au31-tf

C. C. WILLARD,

EBBITT HOUSE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

THE TRADES.

CABRIAGES! CAERIAGES!!! CARRIAGES! On hand a large number of first-class fashionable CARRIAGES. Also, a large number of SECOND-HAND CARRIAGES, which number of SECOND-HAND GARBIAGES, whice will be sold at reduced prices to close out.

ROBERT H. GRAHAM,

sel4-31* cor. 9th and D st. Factory, 410 8th st.

The undersigned has removed from his old place of business, No. 1012 Pennsylvania avenue to 1207 F STREET, between 12th and 13th streets,
where he is prepared to attend to all orders
in his line of business, such as BELL HANGING,
LOCK SMITHING, LIGHTNING RODS, SPEAKING TUBES, &c. Jobbing promptly attended to.
All work done in the best manner, at lowest rates.
Also, in connection, has opened a stock of HARDWARE, HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS and VARIETTES.

A share of public patronage is solicited. anit on O SCHNEIDER. anis om TENTS AND AWNINGS.

TENTS for Sale or Rent for Camp Meetings. Tairs, Festivals, &c.
AWNINGS for Public and Private Balls and Par-M. G. COPELAND, Dealer in Awning Materials,

643 Louisiana avenue. NTHONY FISHER,

FIRST CLASS SCOURER, 615 9TH STREET, OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE.

By promptly adopting the latest improvements, whether of American or European invention, I am enabled to do my work in a manner not to be equaled by these not possessing these facilities. by those not possessing these facilities.

Ladies' Bresses cleaned without being taken apart: all kind of spots removed without cleaning the whole garment and Grease Spots, after being removed, never show again. Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned, without Shrinking or Injuring the garment, at the following prices: Coats, \$1.25 and \$1.50; Pants, 75 cents; Vests, 50 cts.; a whole Business Suit, \$2.25.

Bepairing done neatly and at reasonable prices. New York style of cleaning Kid Gloves—a single pair 25 cents, two pair 40 cents, one dozen \$2. Crape Veils and Trimmings cleaned, blackened and stiffened, at \$1 per square yard. Ostrich Feathers (white) colored, cleaned and curled in the best style. Office of the Staten Island, N. Y., Dyeing Establishment, established 1819. The oldest and largest of its kind in the country, if not in the world.

ANTHONY FISHER, Agent, 1727-17

AWNINGS. MANUFACTURER OF WINDOW AND VERAN-DAH AWNINGS, FLAGS, TENTS, AND WAGON COVERS.

Epecial attention given to city and country resi-dences. All orders promptly attended to. 713 Mar-ket Space.

TUNING AND REPAIRING PIANOS, OE:

I gans, and all Musical Instruments a
specialty, at G. L. WILD & BEOS., 420
If the street, between Pennsylvania avenue
and Estreet. Inventors and manufacturers of the
wonderful Musical Dancing Toy for Pianos; manufacturers of Musical Instruments and dealers in Pianos, Musical instruments, and Musical Merchan
dise generally

A DOLPH GOETZ, NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS. BEPAIRING of every description in the Furni-ure line promptly attended to. Second-hand Furniture bought. N. W. corner 8th and D streats N. W. jel2-5m*

ESTABLISHED 1833.

JOHN McDERMOTT & BROS.,
COACH-MAKERS AND CABRIAGE
DEALERS,
310 Pennsylvania avenue, near 3d street.

CARRIAGES AND HARNESS
RECEIVED ON STORAGE AND SOLD ON
COMMISSION.
CARRIAGES BEPAIRED th. H. & AUG. SCHMEDTIE,

704 7th street, between G and H streets. BEPAIRING OF WATCHES, JEWELRY, CLOCKS, SPECKS carefully executed, at moderate oc6-ly

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING
NEATLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED
BY H. POLKINHORN & CO.,
spl4-ly D street, between 6th and 7th streets. REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

C. W. HAVENNER & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AND NOTE BROKERS.

643 LOUISIANA AVENUE, THISD DOOR EAST OF SEVENTH STREET

We have for investment in notes secured by deed of trust on Real Estate in the District of Columbia, the sum of \$169,000. For Loans on Collateral Security and Business Paper \$19,060. LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE PENDING NEGO-TIATIONS. Prompt personal attention given to all matters intrusted to our care.

M. McROBERTS. ANDREW B. COYLE

MCROBERTS & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE OFFICE

Corner 15th and G streets, opp. U. S. Treasury, WASHINGTON, D. C. Special attention paid to all business before the see rai Departments of the Government. apis

A USTIN P. BROWN, CONTRACTOR AND REAL ESTATE AGENT Corner of New York avenue and 15th street.

Property in all parts of the city for sale on long credit. Houses erected for persons owning ground and long time notes taken in payment. Real Estate paper bought and sold.

SEWING MACHINES.

DEBFECTION ATTAINED. ALL THOSE WHO WISH A REALLY PERFECT SEWING MACHINE, ONE ABLE TO STAND ON ITS MERITS, ARE INVITED TO EXAMINE THE IMPROVED

SALESROOM, 711 MARKET SPACE. AUD

WILLCOX & GIBB'S

SEWING MACHINE AGENCY. THE SIMPLEST AND LESS LIABLE TO GET OUT OF ORDER.

CHAS. BAUM'S Agency at CORSET AND HOOPSKIET FACTORY.

je 12-1y 7th street, Intelligencer Building. THE FLORENCE

IMPROVED NOISELESS LOCK-STITCH FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. Baving exclusively the Self-Adjusting Shuttle Tension and Reversible Feed; thus enabling the operator to fasten seams when desired; Machines sold or Monthly Instalments of \$10. Other machines taker in exchange. Also, REPAIRING done promptly.

Agency: 481 Pennsylvania avenue,
Between 4% and 6th streets. Vol. 38-No. 5,774.

EDUCATIONAL.

MISS JONES' ENGLISH AND FRENCH School for young Ladies, will reopen MON-DAY, September 18th, at 1407 L street. Dady Lessons in French. Those intending to complete

AW SCHOOL OF GEORGETOWN COLLEGE

Professor HENRI MASSON will begin his Classes in French on WEDNESDAY EVENING, 13th, at 7 o'clock. A Special Class of Conversation for ladies and gentlemen will be formed at the same time; classes to meet at 6 o'clock, at his residence, No. 2113 Pennsylvania avenue. sell-5t*

A SELECT SCHOOL FOR LITTLE BOYS EXOR October 2d, in the First Ward, between 17th and
and 20th streets. Number given hereafter. For
information apply at 1718 H street. ReferencesRev. Dr. Starkey, Mrs. L. A. Wotherspoon, Mrs.
Henry Maynadier.

to announce the resumption of her select English classes for young ladies, WEDNESDAY, the 6th proxime, at 1313 New York avenue. se4-3w*

HOWARD UNIVERSITY,
Office of the Secretary and Financial Asent,
Washington, Year 1871 and 1872.
THEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT-Opens Sep-

ember 15th. Tuition and room free. LAW DEPARTMENT—Year begins October 2d.

NORMAL DEPARTMENT—Year begins Septem-ber 13th. Applicants for admission examined Sep-tember 11th and 12th. Tuition, \$9 per year. se2-tf

MISS HANNA WILL REOPEN HER SCHOOL for young ladies and children, at No. 2136 Pennsylvania avenue, on TUESDAY, September 12, 1871.

ST. VINCENT'S SCHOOL, under the charge of the Sisters of Charity, corner loth and G streets, will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 4th. Parents and guardians are requested to send their children promptly.

No. 76 GAY STREET, GEORGETOWN, D. C.,

MISS LIPSCOMB, PRINCIPAL.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed SEPTEMBER 13. au30-lm

THE WEST END CLASSICAL, MATHEMAT-

The third year of this Institution will commence on MONDAY, September 11th, 1871. Instruction in French by Prof. MASSON; in German, by a competent native teacher. Circulars can be obtained at the bookstores. F.A.SPRINGER, A.M., Principal, 1811 I street, N.W. au 23-1m

THE ROSSLYN SEMINARY, FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN, Will reopen at No. 1538 I STREET, between Ver-

L STITUTE FOR YOUNG LADIES AND MISSES, 915 New York avenue, between 9th and 10th streets west, Mrs. ANGELO JACKSON principal.—The duties of this school will be resumed September 11TH. Mrs. Jackson will also give Private Lessons in the Latin and Greek languages and the higher Mathematics.

The academic year of GEORGETOWN COLLEGE commences on the FIRST MONDAY OF SEPTEMBER and ends in the first week of July.

The LECTURES in the MEDICAL and LAW DEPARTMENTS will commence in OCTOBER.

JOHN EARLY, S. J., President.

FOCirculars, containing particulars, can be had by applying to the President.

DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.
MRS. L. A. WOTHERSPOON.
1713 H STREET.
This School will be reopened September 18th. For circulars, apply at the School.
aul6-tsep18

In Session-Room of the Assembly Church, corner I and 5th streets northwest.

AN ENGLISH, MATHEMATICAL AND CLASSI-CAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

SECOND ANNUAL SESSION WILL COMMENCE

SEPTEMBER 11.

Terms-From \$8 to \$15 per quarter.
AN EVENING CLASS for Young Men will be

aul7-6w Residence 1216 F street northwest.

THE MISSES OSBORNE'S YOUNG LADIES'
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL will reopen
MONDAY, September 4th, at 943 M street, (northeast corner of 10th.) Thorough instruction by
Northern teachers. Professor Masson, teacher of
French. References—Ex-Secretary Wm. H. Seward,
Gen. J. S. Crocker, John Hitz, (Swiss Consul General.) Send for circular. aug9-10w*

CONZAGA COLLEGE.—The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on MONDAY, the 4th of September, at its new site, on I street, between North Capitol and 1st street, N. W., near St. Aloysius church, with an experienced corps of professors. The course of studies is divided into the collegiate and the non-classical courses. Natural Philosophy and Chemistry will be taught in all the classes above, and including the fourth collegiate and the third English classes.

Terms:—Per quarter of eleven weeks, for the collegiate course, \$12: for the non-classical, \$10; for the elementary studies, \$5.

Should there be a sufficient number of applications, evening classes will be opened for the accomnodation of young men who have not an opportunity of attending during the day.

JAMES CLARK, President.

Send for catalogue.

Rev. THOS. McCANN, A. M.,

President.

A LEXANDRIA BIGH SCHOOL — Boarding A School for Boys—The Third Annual Session will commence September 20th. Pupils prepared for college or business. For Catalogue, giving ample references and full particulars, address either of the Principals at Alexandria. CHARLES S. TAYLOR and JOHN S. BLACKBURN, Associate Principals

ASELL FEMALE SEMINARY, AT AUBURN
DALE, MASS.—School raised to full college
grade, including Greek. Prices reduced one quarter.
United with N. E. Conservatory of Music. Music
under direction of Mr. Eben Tourjee. Facilities for
German, French, and Painting, unsurpassed. Fall
term begins September 14th. For catalogue address
Bev. CHAS. W. CUSHING.
je22-t,th.s3m.

PATAPSCO FEMALE INSTITUTE.
NEAR BALTIMORE, MD.

This Institute has been in operation for thirty years, and enjoys a national reputation. With the number of pupils limited to ninety, it has representatives from two-thirds of the States, principally South and Southwest. Its location is pre-eminently healthful, is central, and easily reached by railroad from Baltimore and Washington city. For Circulars address

MRS. R. H. ARCHER, 1917-comm. Ellicott City, P. O., Md.

THE MISSES BURGESS will reopen their School for Young Ladies on MONDAY, September 11th 1403 New York avenue.

Set Im

The next session of this institution, founded 1734 begins on the first Wednesday in October.

A full Collegiate course is organized with a Facility of seven Professors and three Tutors.

Charges for entire scholastic year, \$250.

For further particulars, apply for Catalogne to PROF. W. H. HOPKINS, Secretary of the Faculty, Annapolis, Md.

TEACHER OF MUSIC,

WHY NOT TRY THE BEST WAY FIRST, and Sace Years of Toil.—C. C. WESTON has just returned from attending the normal course taught by Prof. A. M. Johnson, and is prepared to teach vocal music on the principles of his new and simple method for singing. He makes the teaching of thorough and figured Bass on the Organ a specialty. For further information call at 716 12th street, between G and H.

se9-ly 935 Pa. ave., bet. 9th and 10th sts.

MARL RICHTER,

PREDEBICK FEMALE SEMINARY.

Session commences 11th September. Terms very moderate.

onnected with the Institute.

Circulars to be had at the Bookstores, or of
REV. OLIVER COX, Principal.

GEORGETOWN COLLEGE, D. C.

ECLECTIC INSTITUTE,

GEORGETOWN SEMINARY,

EVENING CLASSES IN FRENCH.

English and French.

will be received at \$15 a quarter f

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1871.

Hunning

AMUSEMENTS.

MATCH GAME OF BASE BALL between picked nines for the benefit of COMPANY G. W. L. I.,

To take place on the NATIONAL GROUNDS, POSTPONED UNTIL MONDAY, Sept. 18, 1871, at 3½ o'clock p. m., on account of the rain.

Tickets 25 cents. Ladies free.
Force's Nine-Force, Allison, Hollingshead, Waterman, Hall, Hurley, Leonard, Stearns Bine.

Coughlin's Nine-Coughlin, Mills. Brainard, Burroughs, Doyle, Thomas, Mahoney, Hines, Sweasy.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, 419 4th st.—Mill-PRUD-HOMME, Principal. The duties of this School will be resumed on MONDAY, Sept 18, 1871. The English Department will be chically under the care of Miss FAUS r.an accomplished and thorough teacher. Terms, \$10, \$12 and \$15 per quarter. Mile PRUD-HOMME will now resume her private French classes for ladies and gentlemen, and will also form an afternoon class for boys. ON EXHIBITION AND SALE 439 7 TH ST. The next term of this School will commence on WEDNESDAY, October 4th, 1871. Opening Lecture on that day, at 7 o'clock p.m. Lecturers for the Term—Mr. Justice Miller, U.S. Supreme Court; Judge Charles P. James, Hon. J. Hubbey Ashton. The Lecture Hall is in the Colonization Suilding, corner of Pennsylvania avenue and the street. For Circulars and other information apply to CHARLES W. HOFFMAN, Secretary, who will be at the Hall daily, from 4 to 6 o'clock p. m. sel2-lm MARKRITER'S.

No. 486 Seventh street, between D and E streets
eight doors above Odd Fellow's Hall,
Choice Oil Paintings, Engravings Chromos, &c.
Also, Largest Stock Paper Hangings, Window
Shades, Pictures, Frames, Picture Cords, and Tassels
Rings, Nails, &c., in the District.
TERMS, CASH.
Please remember Name and Number. ap25-ly*

Please remember Name and Number. ap25-ly*

POF. SHELDON'S
FASBIONABLE DANCING ACADEMY,
NEW MEDICAL BUILDING, 1004 F st., near 10th,
will open for the Season of 1871-2,
On SATURDAY, September 2, a, 3 30 p. m.
DAYS AND HOURS OF TUITION.
JUVENILE CLASS, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS,
and SATURDAYS, 3:30 to 5 p. m.
LADIES' CLASS, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS,
AND HOURS OF P. m.
GENTLEMEN'S CLASS, TUESDAYS and
GENTLEMEN'S CLASS, TUESDAYS and
THURSDAYS, 7:30 to 9 p. m.
Especial Class of Ladies and Gentlemen for the
"Boston," Tuesday and Thursday, 9 to 10 p. m. For Ladies
and Gentlemen only; children will not be admitted.
Ladies desiring to attend these Reunions will be required to make application for "Complimentary
Season Card of Admission," by post, to PROF.
SHELDON, 919 12th street N. W. If unknown to
Prof. S., a suitable reference should accompany the
note of application. NOTICE.—All pupils entering
the classes during September will receive 36 lessons
to the quarter. Private tuition and tuition in schools,
private families or private classes at any hour agreed
upon. Residence, No. 919 12th street, between I private families or private classes at any hour agree upon. Residence, No. 919 12th street, between and K streets. upon. Residen

MARINI & BATES' DANCING ACADEMY, 914 E STREET, N. W., Will reopen for the season, 1871-72,

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, at 3 o'clock, for the reception of pupils. For particulars see circulars, to be had at music stores or at the Academy.

LAW DEPARTMENT—Year begins October 2d.
Tuition, \$50; full course, \$80, in advance.
MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—Year begins October 11th. Lectures begin daily at 5% o'clock p.m.
Fees—Matriculation, \$5; Course of Lectures, \$100.
COLLEGE DEPARTMENT—Year begins September 13th. Tuition, \$9 per year. Applicants for admission examined on 12th September.
PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT—Year begins September 13th. Tuition \$9 per year. Applicants for admission examined September 11th and 12th.
NORMAL DEPARTMENT—Year begins September 13th. Applicants for admission examined September 13th. C. REICHENBACH'S PIANO STORE,
No. 423 lith Street, above Penna. Avenue,
(ESTABLISHED OVER 26 YEARS.)
Sole agency for the sale of the celebrated PIANOS
of Wm. Knabe & Co., Baltimore, and Wm.
McCammon, Albany; also, second-hand
Pianos, Organs and Melodeons for sale or
rent on the most accommodating terms; Piano and
Organ Tuning and Repairing.

ap4-ly*

PIC NICS, EXCURSIONS, &c.

A GRAND FAMILY PIC-NIC will be given by
the YOUNG CATHOLIC FRIENDS'
SOCIETY OF GEORGETOWN, D. C., at the
GREEN SPRINGS, on MONDAY, September 18, 1871. Tickets, 25 Cents. The Holy
Hill Band is engaged for the occasion. Dancing will
commence at 10 o'clock a. m and continue to 11
o'cleck p.m.
se 15-2t

Secretary pro tem. THE TWELFTH ANNUAL SESSION OF Mrs.

S.A. PECK'S Select School for Boys will commence Sept. 11th. For further information, the preceptress may be seen from 11 a. m. to 5 p. m., or addressed at 1704 I street.

LADIES' GOODS, &c.

WHERE SHALL I SEND MY BOY?—HOW-ARD INSTITUTE.—Address Prof. L. G. MATHEWS, A. M., Mathews' Store Post Office, Howard county, Md., for circular. School select; situation delightful; discipline perfect. Expenses \$176 per annum. References—Hugh Gelston, Esq., Baltimore, Md.; Rev. Augustus Webster, D.D., Baltimore, Md.; Gen. J. B. Bicketts, Washington, D. C.; Capt. H. W. Howgate, Washington, D. C.; D. O. Laws, Esq., Norfolk, Va.; Capt. B. Baker, Portsmouth, Va. M. WILLIAM'S HOUSE IN PARIS, No. 7 CITE TREVIS, Has been re-established, and he will be able to show,

Has been re-established, and he will be able to show, irom this day, the finest assortment of REAL LACE GOODS,
BONNETS and ROUND HATS, FLOWERS and FEATHERS, GROS GRAIN RIBBONS,
SILKS. VELVETS, DRESS TRIMMINGS,
CLOAKS, SUITS, LADIES' UNDERGARMENTS, the J. B. P. CORSET, HAIR BRAIDS made to his own order. &c., &c. DRESSES and CLOAKS made to order.
M. WILLIAN, One Price only.

907 Pennsylvania avenue.

UST RECEIVED-A fine assortment of Bergman's
BEBLIN ZEPHYR EMBROIDERED SLIPPER
PATTERNS,
&c., &c., which I am prepared to sell at the lowest
prices. Call and be convinced.
M. P. LERCH, 714 7th street, au30-tr

mont avenue and 16th street, on
MONDAY, September 18th.
Applications may be made to the Principal. MISS
B. ROSS, No. 453 C street, until September 1st.
After that date at the school-rooms. Circulars at the bookstores.

"" A FULL LINE OF CORSETS, At reduced prices. Call and see, at S. HELLER'S, anl6-tf 715 Market Space. SELLING AT S. HELLER'S,
715 MARKET SPACE,
A complete assortment of NATURAL CURLS and
HAIR BRAIDS. Also, a fine assortment of IMI
TATION HAIR CHIGNONS. aul6-tf

> GREAT BEDUCTION. ONE PRICE ONLY. HENRY KING, Jr., MASONIC TEMPLE, CORNER NINTH AND F STREETS.

Twenty-five thousand dollars of
MILLINERY and FANCY GOODS,
FLOWERS, RIBBONS,
LACES, STRAW GOODS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES, PARASOLS,
CORSETS, LADIES VESTS.
Sold at 10 per cent. above cost.
No deviation.

No deviation. Positively One Price Only.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITS. WILLETT & RUOFF,

905 PENNSTLVANIA AVENUE. FALL STYLE NOW READY. Constantly receiving new styles in FELT, CLOTH

FULL LINE KNIGHTS TEMPLAR, KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS, AND MILITARY HATS, CAPS. AND EPAULETTES on hand seg-tf

AM NOW PREPARED TO MAKE TO ORDER the YOUNG GENTS and the BROADWAY STYLES of DRESS HATS at the lowest possible cost. Also, Old Styles Remodelled. M. CUN NINGHAM, 9237th street, bet. I and K au25-colm CITIZENS AND VISITORS CALL AND SEE those WHITE SHIBTS for one dollar each, PRINCE'S Loan Office Sales Boom, 1006 Pennsyl-

FALL.

GRAND OPENING

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING,

A. STRAUS, POPULAR CLOTHING HOUSE, 1011 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,

> Between 10th and 11th streets. COMPRISING

THE LATEST STYLES

MEN'S DRESS SUITS, MEN'S BUSINESS SUITS, MEN'S TRAVELING SUITS

YOUTHS' DRESS SUITS. YOUTHS' BUSINESS SUITS

BOYS' DRESS SUITS, BOY'S SCHOOL SUITS,

FRENCH, ENGLISH and AMERICAN CASSI-MERE PANTALOONS, WITH VESTS TO MATCH OB WITHOUT. W CALL AND EXAMINE. A. STRAUS.

A SPLENDID LINE OF

EVENING STAR.

Washington News and Gossip.

ATTORNEY GENERAL AKERMAN has gone to Georgia to remain several weeks. SECRETARY DELANO will return to-morrow

COMMISSIONER DEUMMOND, of the General Land Office, has gone to Iowa to bring his

family here for the winter. DR. C. F. MACDONALD, Superintendent of the Money Order Office, has returned from

INTERNAL REVENUE .- The receipts from this source to-day were \$257,585. Grand total of receipts for the present fiscal year to date,

MR. W. W. CORCORAN, who intended to sail for Europe next Thursday in the Scotia, concluded to postpone his visit until later in the season, by the advice of his physicians. MR. VINCENT COLVER, when last heard from was at Tularo.a, New Mexico. He had in-

Apache Indians to the valley of the Tularosa, where there is plenty of grass. IN A GENERAL ORDER issued from the War Department to-day, General Sherman directs that the Western Superintendency of the General Recruiting Service, under charge of Colonel R. S. Granger, 21st infantry, at Newport Bar-racks, Kentucky, be discontinued.

structed agent Piper to remove the Southern

LISTS OF THE LOYAL.-Two more lists of Loyal adherents of the cause and Government of the United States" who have presented claims to the Southern Claims Commission have just been printed, for free distribution to all who may apply.

THE CASE OF PAYMASTER HODGE.-The Sec retary of War has refused an application for the release of Major Hodge from close confinement and charges will be formally preferred against him in a short time. The Alexandria Gazette says that Major Hodge recently purchased the Harry Baily farm, in that county.

POSTMASTERS SUSPENDED .- The President has suspended Henry C. Adams, postmaster at Hyde Park, Mass., and appointed Wm. J. Stuart in his stead, under the tenure-of-office act. Wm. J. J. Ursay, postmaster at Decatur, Ill., has also been suspended, and Isaac C. Pugh appointed in his place. PAYMASTER GENERAL BRICE has requested

Secretary Belknap to order a court of inquiry to investigate his administration of official duties, but the Secretary, feeling satisfied that there are no irregularities in the Paymaster General's conduct, does not deem it expedient to order such a court, which would be expensive and entirely useless. COUNCILLORS TO GENEVA .- William M. Mere-

Massachusetts, have been appointed by the President, Councillors to Geneva under the Washington treaty. Their appointments were agreed upon at the last Cabinet meeting, but the announcement has been withheld until notice was received of their acceptance of the positions. PAYMASTER HODGE'S BANKERS .- The Sec retary of War to-day notified the Acting Secre-

tary of the Treasury that if it was the intention of that Department to institute legal proceedings against the bankers who were criminally connected with Paymaster Hodge, in the defalcation of that officer, and that the Paymaster General had a mass of evidence in relation thereto, which would be turned over to the Treasury officials to further the prosecution. THE MARCUS P. NORTON CASE .- In the case

of Marcus P. Norton, suspended by the Commissioner of Patents for irregular practices, Gen. Leggett has rejected the motion to set aside the order, on the ground that Norton had not practiced before the office as an attorney since the passage of the act of 1870, under which the order was issued; the office having produced power of attorney and other papers filed by Norton as attorney subsequent to that date. A hearing is now being had before a commission of examiners upon the question as to whether the order was warranted by the circumstances of the case. A decision will not be rendered until the middle of next week.

THE PRICE FOR SEWER WORK .- Washington, D. C., Sept. 15, 1871. To the Board of Public Works .- Gentlemen: We have, as instructed by you, carefully analyzed the various proposals submitted for constructing sewers in this District, and have also made such investigations as were in our opinion necessary to enable us to arrive at a correct and just conclusion. The result is that we find that twenty (20) dollars per thousand is a fair price for laying

brick in the construction of sewers; and forty (40) cents per cubic yard for excavation. We accordingly recommend that contracts be made with competent persons for the construc tion of the required sewerage of the District at the rates we have mentioned. (Signed)

A. B. MULLETT, GEO. S. GREENE, BENJ. N. MEEDS. THE LAST OF TAMMANY-A Perpetual In

enction Granted .- After four days' argument in the case of the citizens of New York against their plunderers, Judge Barnard yesterday made the injunction permanent, restraining the city authorities from issuing any more bonds. with certain important exceptions, and declaring the plaintiffs' right to sue under what is called the two per cent, act of that State. As regard the charges against Mayor Hall and Comptroller Connolly, the judge consures both unsparing-ly, though it seems to be admitted that the mayor has had no ind vidual pecuniary profit from the disgraceful transactions that have been brought to light. In announcing his judgment, which he did amidst "frantic applause," the judge said his duty would not allow him to sanction the payment of another dollar out of the treasury until there was some change in the board of apportionment, and that the court was justified in resorting to every means in its power to stop this state of things, so discreditable to the city. The decision gives general satisfaction in New York, and everywhere among beneat men honest men.

BISHOP WHITEHOUSE ON THE REV. ME CHENEY .- In the Diocesan Convention of the Episcopal Church of Illinois, held at Chicago yesterday, Bishop Whitehouse delivered his anual address, and spoke of the case of the Rev Mr. Cheney as follows: "Mr. Cheney, he said, had been suspended from all his functions in the Church of God, but the trustees of Christ's Church had sustained him as pastor of that church. The congregation also sustained him, and the wardens would only recognize Bishop Whitehouse so far as he recognized Mr. Cheney as minister of the Anglican Church. The Bishop dwelt at some length on his late visitation to Christ's Church, and maintained his origina position on all points of the controversy. He strongly consured the Wardens for continuing to employ a degraded clergyman, and disposed of

The Failure to Discover It Earlier-Who Is Responsible For It?—What Paymaster General Brice Says— What the Assistant Treasurer Says.

The question, who is responsible for the failure to detect the deficit in the public funds entrusted to Major Hodge, the defaulting army paymaster, is provoking a lively contest.

General Brice, in a letter to the Adjutant General of the Army reporting the defalcation and the arrest of Major Hodge, says: "The first, and to me the most important, inquiry sug-gested is: How could these frauds be perpetrated and continued through a succession of years without a knowledge or suspicion of their existence being disclosed in the Paymaster General's office through his accounts and statements? The answer is, first, an unwavering confidence in the man. But that confidence was not the sole or the fatal cause of a failure to detect his crimes in their very inception. The accounts and statements rendered by paymasters to this office do not prove their own ac-curacy as to the real amount of their deposit balances. That can only be arrived at by a comparison of the statements with their deposit accounts in the various depositories. Without direct information from the depository this office can have no means of knowing the accuracy of a paymaster's certified balance in that deposi-

To remedy this and guard carefully against the possibility of such fraudulent returns of pay-masters, in May, 1866, the Secretary of War, after conferring with the Secretary of the Treas-ury on the subject, instructed me to issue circu-lar orders to all paymasters to forward to the Treasurer of the United States direct, at the end of each week, a statement of his balance on the pay of each week, a statement of his balance on hand, of each week, a statement of his balance on hand, and where deposited. The plan was, that as all the depositories in the country were required to make to the Treasurer weekly statements of their deposits on hand, with a list of the depositors, (disbursing officers,) and the credits to each, a comparison of those weekly statements would show any material discrepancy between depository and paymaster; and where any such was found, of course it necessarily became the duty of the Treasurer, or some one in his office designated for that duty to notify the Paymaster. designated for that duty to notify the Paymaster General of the fact. So too, if any paymaster neglected to forward his weekly statement at all, the Paymaster General could only know the

fact by notice from the Treasury.

The Treasurer of the United States, in a letter to me dated May 9, 1866, after a previous conversation on the subject, writes in these words: "If instructions should be issued from your office directing all paymasters to report to this office the balance remaining to their credit at the close of each week, designating the place of such deposit, I think the present system might be made to work safely." I did that very day issue the circular in pursu-

ance of the Secretary of War's order, and in compliance with the Treasurer's suggestion. That circular has been ever since, and is now, Now, in regard to these weekly statements from Major Hodge, always rendered to this office, it is found, on comparing them with his

accounts in the Treasury, that they have been systematically false, reporting continually a deposit balance in the Treasury hugely in excess of his real balance, and by these statements and his periodical accounts current, made by forced Councillors to Geneva.—William M. Meredith, of Pennsylvania, and Caleb Cushing, of have appeared entirely regular, and thus have escaped suspicion. If the duty were performed in the Treasury of examining and comparing statements, or if Hodge failed to render them, I am not advised. Any notice to this office of error in his statements, or of neglect to make them, as required, would have induced prompt investigation and undoubted discovery, an have averted this mortifying catastrophe.

It is found that the frauds have all been per

retrated in and through the Treasury proper-none by means of his disbursing account with the Assistant Treasurer in New York, where the Assistant Treasurer in New York, where also he had large credits. I ascertain that the money used for his outside purposes, stock and gold gambling, has been drawn in cash from the Treasury, and in large sums. Here again was a failure in the Treasury to enforce requirements of law and regulations. Major Hodge's disbursements required not a dollar of cash. All should have been made by checks, each covering the amount of the youcher or each covering the amount of the voucher or vouchers to be paid, their nature stated, with the name of the party to whom payable. (See act of March 3, 1807, and circular instructions of the Secretary of the Treasury of November 23, 1869.) But it is now ascertained that Major Hodge has received at the Treasury large sums of money in kind, delivered to him or some bearer, on his mere checks, payable to "cash or bearer." Cash checks, so paid, have been large and numerous—one of \$50,000; others of various denominations—\$40.000, \$30,000, \$20,000, &c. These are the mysterious checks with which he has conducted his fraudulent transactions. I can only say that, if any one of these highly irregular, unauthorized acts had been made known to me, it would have apprised me of fraud, and would assuredly have been visited with condign punishment. The actual amount of Major Hodge's deficit, as determined by a careful examination, is four hundred and seventy-three thousand nine hundred and thir-

ty-nine dollars and seventy-seven cents, (473, The largest sum paid Major Hodge, on a check in his own name, was \$50,000, on July 20, 1870, just before the memorable Black Fri day in New York.

The following statement in relation to the matter is authorized by the Acting Treasurer of the United States:

The attempt of the Pay Department to foist upon the Treasurer's off co the responsibility for the failure to discover at an earlier date the mis appropriation of public funds by Paymaster Hodge is regarded by the Treasury officials as critically unwarranted by the facts. The absurdity of the attempt is, it is claimed by them, apparent to all who are familiar with the mode of disbursing the public funds, and would render the statements put forth unworthy of attention had they not been extensively circulated and made they not been extensively circulated and made the occasion of partisan attacks upon the administration of the Treasury. The grounds for holding the Treasurer responsible, as presented in the Pay Department version, were, it will be remembered, the following:—First, the letter addressed by the Treasurer to the Paymaster General on the 9th of May, 1866, in which he said:—"If instructions May, 1866, in which he said :- "If instructions should be issued from your office directing ail paymasters to report to this office the balances remaining to their credit at the close of each week, designating the place of such deposit. I think the present system might be made to work safely." In accordance with this suggestion the Paymaster General forthwith issued a circular requiring all paymasters to report their balances weekly to the Treasurer. It is claimed by the Pay Department that a proper comparison of these reports at the Treasury with those from the various depositaries, showing the balances held by them to the credit of disbursing officers, would have led to the speedy detection of any

defalcation.

In the second place, the Pay Department al. leges that the payment by the Treasurer of checks drawn by Paymaster Hodge, payable to "cash or bearer," for large amounts, afforded him facilities for the improper withdrawal of money, which he would not have enjoyed had the circular of the Secretary of the Treasury of November 23d, 1869, concerning the disburse-ment of the public money been complied with. To the first of these allegations the Treasury officials reply that the letter of General Spinner was never intended to be construed as assuming for the Treasurer the responsibility for the was never intended to be construed as assuming for them by placing them was for continuing to the minister they had sustained. The Bishop closed by assailing the irreligious tendencies of the day, and the reprehensible conduct of the Press in sustaining them.

WAGES MOVEMENT IN THE ANTHRACITE COAL REGION.—The Philadelphia Builetin says there is a partial renewal of the troubles in the Pennsylvania anthracite coal mines, originating this time with the class called "laborers." These became scarce in the Shenandosh district, and upon an indefinite demand by them for higher wages, the Thomas Coal Company offered the identical terms claimed during the great strike last year, and since this action all neighboring collieries have felt compelled to accept the same Trance, and the number is so great that twelve thousand will be released from lack of opportunity to try them. A conference now in seesion at Versailles is hoped to arrange for the withdrawal of the German troops. A bill was introduced into the Assembly resterday to procure by customs concessions to Germany the return of all but fifty thousand men.

The KU-KLEN OUTRACES IN ALARAMA.—Li. Wier, of Limestone county, Alabama, who was taken from his house some days ago by five masked men, was found on Wednesday tied to a tree in the swamp. His captors, after whipping him, nearly drowned him in a stream of water, then tied him to a tree and left him to starve. Two of the desperadoes have been arrested.

**FAnother Borgia, this time in England, sends poisoned sweetmeats by post "for the for the responsibility for the proper discussers ment of the funds intrusted to miscal experiment, or as asbotiving that department from the responsibility for the proper discussion part and the proper discussion part and the proper discussion part and the proper discussion part against fraud. Even in the responsibility of keepting all proper discussion particular. Even in the responsibility of the proper discussion proports against fraud. Even in the amount of the freasured to their proper disbursement of the funds intrusted to

with the Treasurer, the discrepancies could

THE HODGE DEFALCATION.

have been just as easily discovered by an examination of the Treasurer's by a Pay Department official as by examining Hodge's reports to the Treasurer; hence the absence of the reports is a matter of no importance whatever. The most complete refutation of the allegation of the pay department is how-ever furnished by the fact that for some time s gentleman connected with the pay department. who is now engaged in the investigation of Col Hodge's accounts, has been in the habit of calling upon the Treasurer's office for the balances reported to the credit of paymasters, and has in several instances, at his request, been furnished with statements of the balances held by the Treasurer to Colonel Hodge. The books of the Treasurer's office have always been open to any

TWO CENTS.

examination which the pay department might choose to make. The attempt to use his letter of May 9, 1866, in the face of the foregoing facts, as a basis for holding Gen'l Spinner responsible for Hodges' short-comings, is regarded as a cruel wrong to the absent Treasurer, who was prempted in writing it by a spirit of accommodation for the Pay Department, which had just lost heavily through the defalcation of Hodges' old confrers. Major Paulding, and who could have enter-tained no suspicion of the use to which it was to be perverted. The second allegation of the Pay Departmen

is, it is claimed, quite as immaterial as the first. It is alleged by the Treasury officials that, although the circular of November 23d, 1833, has not been literally complied with in the payment of Hodges' checks, yet that, had it been ob-served, it would have furnished no preventive of his peculations. The circular does not, it is true, permit checks to be drawn, as Col. Hodges' were, to "cash or bearer." It does, however, require that, except in certain specified cases, "checks, drawn by disbursing officers must be in favor of the person, by name, to whom payment is to be made or in favor of the certain specified cases." made, or in favor of such person by name or bearer." Had payment been refused on the checks drawn payable to "cash or bearer," it would have been perfectly feasible for Hodge, under these regulations, to have drawn out funds for his dishorest transactions upon checks payable to any fictidous person or bearer. Sup-pose Hodge had drawn these fraudulent checks in this manner, and had sent them to the Treasury for collection by his messenger, or had presented them in person, the Treasurer could not have refused payment under the rules. The fact that the names of the payees were fictitious, or were not the se of persons en-titled to receive money from the government, could not have been known to the Treasurer, since he has no means of knowing whether a proper voucher has been taken up by the drawer of the check. Since therefore the enforcement of the regulations could not have prevented Hodge's fraudulent operations, the failure to enforce them, like the failure to call upon him for reports, is utterly immaterial in fixing the responsibility for his being permitted to carry on his fradulent operations so long unchecked. The officers of the Treasury claim, with much apparent justice, that their functions in the

to the safe keeping of moneys deposited and to their payment on genuine and proper checks, and that they are in no wise responsible for misappropriation of funds which have been withdrawn from their custody by disbursing officers who render no account to them and are not in the slightest degree under their control. TELEGRAMS TO THE STAR. This Afternoon's Dispatches.

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.

natter of disbursing officers' funds are confined

NEW CAMPAIGN OF THE CAPITAL MOVERS. [Special Dispatch to The Star.] ST. Louis, Sept. 16 .- A mass meeting has been called to-night at Mercantile Library Hall to inaugurate another movement for the removal of the National Capital. Ex-Senator Henderson, of this State, Hon. Gustavus A. Finkelburg, member of Congress from the second district, Hon. Chas. I. Filley, ex-mayor of St. Louis, Hon. Joseph Brown, Nathan Cole, and other prominent citizens. and other prominent citizens are advertised to speak. It is stated that this movement is not so much in the interest of St. Louis as it is for the purpose of agitating the question of the removal of the capital to some part of the west. Indeed. the St. Louis Republican says:—"We cannot say that we have any special desire to see the National Capital removed from Washington to St. Louis. It is somewhat doubtful in our minds whether any real benefit to our city would be derived from such change."

FROM EUROPE TO-DAY. Telegraphed Exclusively to The Evening Star.

France and Germany. VERSAILLES, Sept. 16.—The majority of the Assembly is known to be favorable to the project of law for a customs treaty with Germany cluding Alsace and Lorraine, a result of which will be the evacuation of the departments of Aisne, Aube, Cote d'Or and Jura by the German troops. The debate upon the bill introduced by Count de Relusat authorizing the signing of such treaty will take place to-day. General Changariner is dangerously ill.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The correspondent of the Times telegraphs that he traversed the Mont Cenis tunnel in 38 minutes; that the air in the turnel is excellent, and the rails perfectly level. and that the entire work has been admirably done.

Alexis in England.

London, Sept. 16.—The Russian squadron en coute to New York as an escert to the Grand Duke Alexis has arrived at Plymouth, where the vessels will stop a week to coal. The Grand Duke remains on board the Sweetland, the flag-ship of the squadron, and Admiral Porset is commander of the fleet.

The International Society. London, Sept. 16.—The leaders of the Inter-national Society have promised the London weavers that they will prevent the importation of foreign workmen into England. The London Labor League has denounced the introduction of foreigners into English workshops as a dangerous political expedient.

An International Congress, having as its object reform in the management of the penitentiaries throughout Europe and America, will be held in London in June, 1872. The original suggestion for the assemblage of such body came from the United States, where, at a congress held in Cincinnati, primary steps were taken. The dele gates appointed at that meeting have visited the various nations of Europe and received a promise of support from many governments. A call for the Congress will shortly be issued.

The Broken Ring. Judge Barnard Says They Can't Dodge His Injune

NEW YORK, Sept. 16 .- The Tribune believes that Judge Hilton is to succeed Connolly as Comptreller. Judge Barnard, in conversation after render-dg his decision, said: "My duty was so clear

that I could not escape it. The responsibility of that I could not escape it. The responsibility of my decision, affecting, as it so seriously does, the government of our city, is with the men who have stolen the money of the taxpayers. It does not rest on the administrators of the law. They have no alternative but to do what they believe to be their sworn duty. The theory that Mr. Connolly is only partially responsible is absurd. The whole responsibility for the signing of the warrants falls upon him. The Mayor certainly countersigned them; but I do not believe that the Mayor, by any exercise of human endurance the Mayor, by any exercise of human endurance or mental vigilance, can sustain anything like a thorough supervision of the Comptroller's accounts any more than President Grant can exercise a thorough supervision over the accounts of the national treasure. of the national treasury. The Executive must give a certain allowance of rope to its subordi-Reporter.—" Can this perpetual injunction be

in any way dissolved?"

Judge Barnard.—"It can; but not till the general term of the Supreme Court commences in December. But, practically, the people have already got every remedy the law can grant."

Reporter.—" Is there any possible escape for the city authorities from the legal effects of this injunction?"

injunction?"

Judge Barnard.—"None whatever. It is im possible. No; the people through the law courts have completely stopped any possibility of further stealings. When the present crisis is past the city government will go on as usual, but it will have been purified." Reporter .- "What is the exact bearing of your

decision?"

Judge Barnard.—"That the injunction shall continue in force pending the revision of the Board of Appertionment."

The Tribune says:—"Under the decision the authorities are forbid to issue any bonds or levy any taxes for any purpose whatever beyond the amount specified in the two per cent. bill. As Mr. Connolly, in his administration as comptroller, has conducted himself in such a way as to gain the public confidence, it is decided that so long as he remains a member of the Board of Apportionment they shall issue no more bonds or direct the payment of money. The parks and dock charges, croton water, police, health department, Board of Education and salaries are not included in the injunction. Sufficient money for the payment of these charges is supposed to be in the treasury. If it has been paid out wrongfully then it must be replaced by the persons who have paid i

out and are responsible for it. There is no fust ground for apprehensions of the stoppage of the machinery of the municipal government on account of a lack of money, as ex-Judge Barrett mer tioned in his speech that there are still available \$12,000,000 for ordinary purposes, which is ample till the meeting of the legisla-

The World Says Connolly Must "Git." NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—The World says: It is, of course, utterly impossible that Comptroller Connolly should remain in office now. His retirement is merely a question of an hours' time; perhaps, possibly, of a days', certainly not of a week's. If he does not resign now, the mayor cannot avoid impeaching him; and the stigma affixed to his administration by Judge Barnard fore-hadows the sentence that would inevitably be passed on him by the Court of Common Pleas, if he is foolbardy enough to brave a trial. He has no reason to expect that the Court of Common Pleas would treat him with more tenderness than Judge Barnard. We are confident he will not brave such a trial, and we hope to

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—Another meeting of the committee of seventy was held at the Chamber of Commerce yesterday. The only business of consequence was the appointment of a committee to draft an address to the people of the State, advising them of the necessity of a new city charter.

years of age apparently hale and hearty. Search will be made at once to recover the body.

The corner held the inquest this afternoon, at which Mr. J. R. McConneil and Mr. L. G. Hine represented the accused, and after the examination of witnesses a verdict man for the search. nation of witnesses a verdict was found that the deceased came to his death from inflammation and an abscess of the brain, the result of a fracture of the skull, caused by a blow with an iron hee in the hands of Dennis Toomy on the 11th of August. Dr. Potter, the coroner, thereupon

Shocking Death of a Child from Starvation.

Thursday night. The dispatch adds: "While at Stermville he was shut up in a room alone, with his hands tied behind his back. Looking from the window, he begged the cook to get him a piece of bread. She got a ladder to ascend to the window, and threw the bread on the floor. He looked as if he had not a drop of blood in him. It is stated that the woman bought the child in Paris for \$100 to perform with her in the menagerie. The little fellow was baried yesterday. Steps will be taken to arrest the

THE MONIGOMERY COUNTY FAIR. The Closing Race.

ROCKVILLE, MD., Sept. 15th, 1871.

Notwithstanding the heaviness of the track at the fair grounds and the small attendance of visthe fair grounds and the small attendance of visitors the closing trot of speed opened for all horses, for premiums of \$300, \$125 and \$75, took place to-day, shortly after noon. Col. Alexander, of Washington, entered his horse Richmond, Mr. Stanhope a Hagerstown horse, and Mr. Williams a small horse from Philadelpeia, named. Dot. The first premium was awarded to the last Alexander's " Richmond" the third.

THE MURDER OF A GIRL AND THE SUICIDE OF HER LOVER.—New London, Conn., is in a fever of excitement over a shocking murder and fever of excitement over a shocking murder and suicide. A half-breed Indian named Leonard Rogers has been desperately in love for a year or more with the young and beautiful Hattie Lewis. Her reputation, however, has been very bad, and she has led a disreputable though quiet life. Thursday noon she left the city and went out to the suburbs to the little village of Waterford, and there was met by Rogers. Waterford, and there was met by Rogers.
What passed between them is not known. The
house where they met is a house of bad repute.
Angry words passed between them, and Rogers
took a pistol from his pocket and shot her dead. The murderer then fled, but soon returned to the scene, took the revolver from his pocket, and placed it at his temple and shot himself dead. Rogers was a respectable man of thirty or thirty-five years, a decorative painter. The murdered girl was about eighteen years of age.

New Mexico Delegate to Congress.— Galleghos, democratic candidate for Congress from New Mexico, is probably elected by about

Louis Napoleon finds solace in the banjo. Mr. H. N. Smith, the owner of Goldsmith Maid, has \$250,000 worth of trotters.

Seven young women from Oregon have become students in one of the Boston conservatories of music.

the same terms as men. 67 Andrew Jackson Davis says that Horace Greeley wrote what he knew about farming under spiritual influence.

tulate the Democracy upon-the weather .- Boston Post. The Blue Ridge stage was precipitated several hundred feet down the mountains last week, to the excessive amusement of the pas-

There is a report that two of the old Red Stockings have joined a choir. One of them officiates as short-stop on the organ, and the

wash and dress and leave their packages. The California woman-women in their programme say: -"We intend to wipe out all laws regulating the matrimonial relations of the When the new deal comes, some of these old ladies will find themselves without husbands.

versation that he wanted it for a coffin for his

of finding a ghastly corpse, they found about five pounds of Limburger cheese.

Lower Prices than Elsewhere, Ayer's Sarsaparilla and Cherry Pectoral, &c. Burnett's Cocoaine and Kaliston, &c.; Schenck's Burnett's Cocoaine and Kaliston, Sc.; Schenck's
Syrup and Tonic, \$1 22; Jayne's Expectorant and
Alterative, &c.; Hostetter's, Hoofland's and Vinegar
Bitters, &c.; Michler's Herb Bitters, &c.; Lyon's
Kathairon and Barry's Tricopherus, &c.; Laird's,
Bloom and Magnolia Balm, &c.; Batcheler's Hair
Dye, &c.; Helmbold's Buchu, &1.20; Brown's Jamaica Ginger, &c.; Phalon's Perfumes, &c.; Tarrant's Aperient, &c.; Winchester's Hypophosphites,
&c.; Osgood's India Chologogue, \$1.35; Sterling's
Ambrosia, &c.; Sozodont, &c.; Nichel's Elixir Protoxide Iron, &c.; Plagg's Relief, &c.; Radway's
Sarsaparillian, &c.; Florida Water, &c.; Perry's
Lotion, &1 75; Lubin's Extracts, genuine, &1; Colgate's Soaps, very large assortment, retail at wholesale prices; Holland Gin, imported, &1 per bottle;
Fine Old Rye Whisky, large bottles, &1: per gallon,
&5-guaranteed as represented or money refunded:
California Wines, Port, Angelica, Sherry, Muscatel,
&1. ABTHUR NATTANS, Druggist, ABTHUR NATTANS, Druggist, Corner 2d and D streets N. W.

hear of his resignation in the course of the day.

The Joint High Committee.

Suicide of Professor Mahan, Late of CEICAGO, Sept. 16.—Professor D. H. Mahan, of West Point, the educator of most of the distinguished military officers of the present day, committed suicide this morning. He went on board the steamer Mary Powell this morning at West Point on his way to New York.

Nothing peculiar was noticed in his manner.

About an heur after going on board he jumped from the wheel into the river. He was undoubtedly struck by the wheel, as his body did not come to the surface. Boats were sowered and every effort made to save him, but without success. His act was undoubtedly deliberate, as his coat and over-shoes were found in the vicinity of where he made the fatal jump. He went on beard with his housekeeper, who seemed to have suspicious that the old gentleman was in trouble. He said to her, "don't follow me about." He succeeded in getting away from her and disappeared. He was seen to make the fatal leap by one of the pilots who gave the alarm. Professor Mahan was a man about 70 years of are apparently hale and hearty. Search

committed him to jail.

POUGHKEEPS: E, N. Y., Sept. 16.—A dispatch from Kill Landing says a little boy, aged 7, belonging to the strong woman of O'Brien's menagerie, died of starvation at Stormville on

[Special Correspondence of The Evening Star.]

named, who made an average of 2.56, notwithstanding a portion of the track was under water. Mr. Stanhope's horse took the second, and Col.

500 majority over the regular and bolting repub-lican candidates. Returns have been receive f from but few counties.

Pet poodles are to be brown, for the

Women will henceforth be admitted to the Wesleyan University, at Middletown, Conn., on

Samuel Needham, an Indiana school-teacher, has paid \$20 for brutally beating one By The Maine election being over we congra-

sengers.

Wardrobe-rooms for ladies and gentlemen have been established at the principal railroad depot in Vienna, where transient travellers can

67 Pittsfield, Mass., has developed another economical citizen. A young man called at a store and inquired for boot boxes, but could not find one large enough, and it came out in con-

father. co The baggageman of a westward bound express train, at Poughkeepsie, Monday night, observed a very offensive odor arising from a trunk checked for Chicago. A detective was called and the trunk broken open, but instead

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Great Reduction.

IN OLD BYE AND BOURBON WHISKIES

BRANDIES, GINS, &c.,
of the following brands, viz:—Family Nectar
2 years old, \$2.50 per gal.; Robertson 4 do., \$3.50
do.; Bowier, 5 do.; Carow, 6 do., \$5.40., Baker, 6
do., \$5 do.; Pine Apple, ("withed.) \$1.50 do.,
Brandies—Larocheller, \$3.40.; do., 10., \$1.50 do.,
Behnessey, 1864, \$7 do.; do., 1849, \$10 do.; mard,
Dupuy & Co., 1838, \$10; California Brandy, \$6 do.;
Old Tom Gin, \$2.25; Cocktail Bitters, Blackberry
Brandy. Liberal discount to the trade.

Proprietors of the Native Wine Bitters,
myll 1317 and 1219 Penn's avenue.

THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POW-DER is the best article for cleaning and preserving teeth. Sold by all druggists. Price, 25 and 50 cents. JOUVEN'S INODOROUS RID GLOVE CLEAN-ER restores soiled gloves equal to new. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. Price, 25 cents.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world Harmless, reliable, instantaneous, does not contain lead, nor any citalit poison to produce paralysis of death. Avoid the vaunted and delusive preparations boasting virtues they do not possess. The genuing W. A. Bachelor's Hair Dye has had thirtly years unternished reputation to uphold its integrity as the only perfect Hair Dye—Black or Brown. Sold by all druggists. Applied at 16 Bond street, New York.